Advanced Materials Characterization at the High Temperature Materials Laboratory

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Department of Energy Labs Are Good Partners for R&D

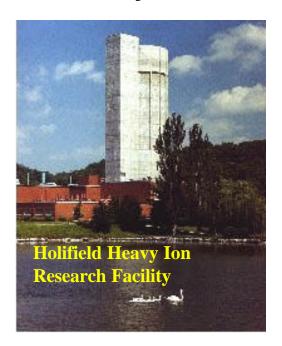
- Most of the US Government's materials-related research and development is done by DOE
- DOE National Labs perform R&D in all conceivable areas of advanced materials
 - structural
 - electronic
 - magnetic
 - optical
 - biological
 - etc.

Oak Ridge
Argonne
Brookhaven
Los Alamos
Sandia
Idaho
Berkeley
Livermore



Many Mechanisms Exist for Working With DOE Labs

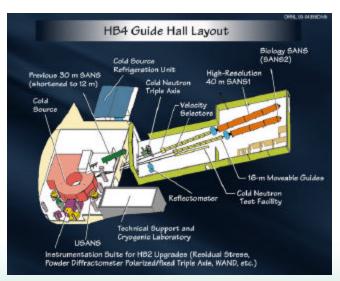
- Contracts from the labs to industry, academia
- CRADAs
- Work for Others
- Collaborative efforts
- Fellowships
- Personnel exchanges
- User facilities





User Facilities Provide Access to Special Equipment and Expertise

- Most laboratories have one or more
- These labs contain equipment and skilled staff that no private company or university could afford



- synchrotrons (light sources)
- reactors (neutron beams)
- accelerators (particle beams)
- high power electron optics
- etc.



User Program Requirements

- (1) User agreement between your institution and ORNL (legal, IP items)
- (2) Technical proposal describing your project
- (3) Clearance into the laboratory
- (4) Funds into ORNL (if required)
- (5) You come do the work here with us
- (1) thru (3) can be accomplished simultaneously; schedule is typically dependent on your lawyers or our clearance process (foreign nationals from sensitive countries take ten weeks minimum). Work cannot begin without (4).





The HTML is a DOE-Designated User Facility at Oak Ridge National Lab

Arvid Pasto, Director (865-574-5123)
Billie Russell, Administrative Assist.
Jesse Whittenbarger

Six HTML user centers focused on materials characterization

www.ms.ornl.gov/htmlhome

Materials Analysis
Thermophysical Properties
Diffraction

Residual Stress

Machining, Inspection, and Tribology Research

Mechanical Characterization and Analysis

The HTML Programs are funded by DOE's Office of Transportation Technologies Dr. Sidney Diamond, DOE Program Manager

HTML Capabilities are Available to Users for Hands-On Materials Characterization Research

Materials Analysis



Characterize structure and composition

Mechanical
Characterization and
Analysis



Characterize mechanical properties and performance

Thermophysical Properties



Measure physical properties as a function of temperature



HTML Capabilities are Available to Users for Hands-On Materials Characterization Research

Diffraction



In-situ characterization of crystalline materials (x-ray and neutron diff.)

Residual Stress



Characterize and map residual stress and texture

Machining, Inspection and Tribology



Investigate grinding processes and characterize surfaces





HTML Programs and Staff Have Benefited Industry and Universities

Many institutions have signed User Agreements:

353 industries

205 universities (thru FY2001)

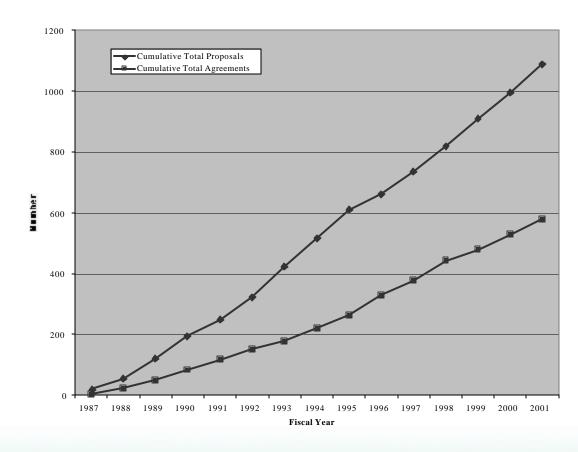
21 government agencies

579 total institutions

- These have resulted in over 1080 projects
- Industries range from small (7 people) to large (GM, Ford, GE, Honeywell,.....)
- Many repeat visits from user institutions indicates success of projects

HTML User Statistics Show Continued User Agreement, Proposal Growth

- Agreements up (thru FY01, to 579)
- Proposals up (thru FY01, to 1084)





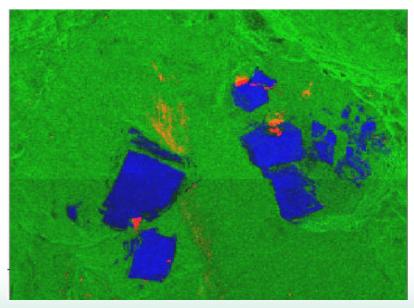
Some FY 2001 Projects Have Been Especially Noteworthy: Materials Analysis

- Zeolite molecular sieves
- Diesel engine exhaust particulates (SwRI)
- Chromium depletion in high-temperature alloys
- Single-wall carbon nanotubes
- Thermal barrier coating "template" layers
- Laser-treated surfaces(UTSI)
- Exhaust emission catalyst (CATERPILLAR)

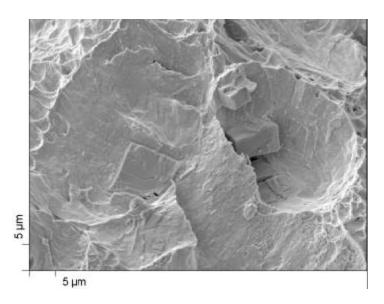


Harry Meyer and Cynthia Hsieh, Caterpillar Studied Element Distribution on Fractures

The secondary electron image shows the fracture surface of high-strength steel sample. Note the presence of "cuboid" structures at the center of the fracture pits. The cuboids are TiN as determined by Auger analysis.



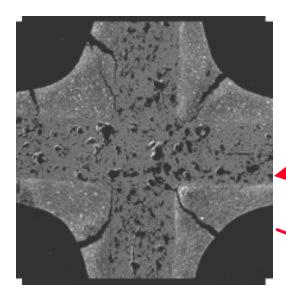
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Elemental maps of **iron**, **titanium**, and **sulfur** reveal the presence of sulfur at the interface between the steel matrix and the cuboids.



The HTML is a National Leader in Characterizing Catalyst Materials



Automotive catalyst brick



SEM shows corderite substrate with washcoat in corners

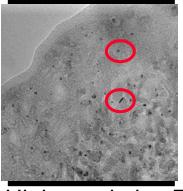
HTML has/had catalyst activities with

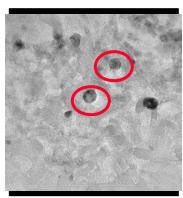
AC Delphi W.R. Grace
U. Delaware General Motors
U. Now Maxico United Emission

U. New Mexico United Emission Catalyst

Ford Research Laboratory AlliedSignal Cummins Engine Co. U. Michigan

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High-resolution TEM of catalyst particles shows changes



HTML Placed ACEM Contract 9/22/00; Instrument due at ORNL Summer 2003

ACEM will:

- be first probe corrected STEM/TEM in US
- have sub-Å resolution for structure
- have sub-Å resolution for chemical analysis
- resolve single Pt atoms on alumina
- be totally automated and remote ready
- very user friendly
- be delivered spring/summer 2003
- require a special facility- low EM fields, etc.

JEOL will provide us an interim STEM/TEM

- with 1.4 Å structural and chemical resolution (much better than we have now, and excellent for catalysts)
- worth about \$1.4 M
- to be delivered within a year





New Building Will Be Styled to Mesh With HTML



Currently called the Advanced Materials Characterization Laboratory (AMCL)





Mechanical Characterization and Analysis User Center has Complete Facilities

- 28 Electromechanical universal testing machines
- 23 servohydraulic universal testing machines, at rates up to 1000 Hz
- 14 test frames with pneumatic actuators
- 166 dead-weight frames
- 3 Biaxial (axial/torsional) test frames
- Test facility for internal pressurization of tubular components
- 30 Environmental & High Vacuum chambers
- 2 Nanoindenters
- 1 Micromechanical test unit
- 1 Thermal shock facility
- 1 Infrared camera



Some FY 2001 Projects Have Been Especially Noteworthy: Mechanical Characterization

- Residual stresses of ceramic composites (WESTINGHOUSE)
- Creep of magnesium alloys (NORANDA) and of nanocomposites (UC-D)
- Low cost silicon carbide (POCO)
- Zirconia-based ceramics (CATERPILLAR)
- Metallic foams (PORVAIR) and ceramic foams (ULTRAMET)
- Nd-Fe-B magnets (Magnequench/NCSU)



Development of Low-Cost Austenitic Stainless Steel for Gas-Turbine and Diesel Engine Components







- Diesel portion funded by OTT HVPM program
- CN12 (Fe-25Cr-13NiNbCN alloy) for exhaust manifolds and turbocharger housings.
- Comparison with SiMo ductile cast iron and the baseline CN12
 - strength, isothermal fatigue, and creep.
- Alloy development and screening at ORNL
 - "super" CN12 with 10 times the creep resistance at 850°C
 - "super" CF8C (Fe-20Cr-12NiNbC alloy)
- Alloys can be used at 850°C, are comparable to standard CN12 but cheaper!
- Invention disclosure on the modified CN12 and modified CF8C stainless steels





Mechanical Properties of Aluminum-Intensive Vehicles







- Automobiles that triple the efficiency of today's cars without sacrificing performance, utility, cost of ownership, or safety,
- Weight reductions of 40%.
- Lightweight metals, plastics, and composites.
- Computational models to simulate the response of automotive structures in collisions (NHTSA-DOE)
- Aluminum intensive vehicle (Audi A8).
- Properties in uniaxial tension, compression and shear to generate the required data for modeling purposes.
- motor mounts, shock absorbers, and body panels.



Nanowear in Knee Replacements



Femur (Thigh Bone) Femoral Component Plastic Insert Tibia (Shin Bone) image from orthowelo.com





Professor Martine LaBerge Sunita Ho

- Total knee joint replacement (TJR)
- CoCr alloy component articulating against ultra high molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE).
- Production of wear particles. Wear debris produced with polyethylene components has shown to induce osteolysis
- Understanding of polymeric wear in TJRs
- Quantification of nanomechanical properties of polymeric bearing material as a function of the nanotopography
- Elastic modulus : 2.29 ± 0.1 GPa for the elastic modulus along the surface of the compression molded tibial UHMWPE insert
- Hardness values of 0.07 + 0.01 GPa



Some FY 2001 Projects Have Been Especially Noteworthy: Thermophysical

- Thermal conductivity/diffusivity of:

 linear cellular materials(GT)
 single-wall nanotubes in coatings (Rice Univ.)
 TBC's (Siemens-Westinghouse)
- High speed IR camera studies of:
 ball grid array inspection technique (Motorola)
 GaN heterostructure FET temperature distrib. (USC)
 SiC/SiC composite tensile test heating (UTK)
 aircraft carbon brakes (SIU)
- Thermal analysis of:
 "building block" mixed metal oxides (UTK)



High Speed IR Camera Used at Ford, GM, Bosch to Image "Hot Spots" on Brake Rotors



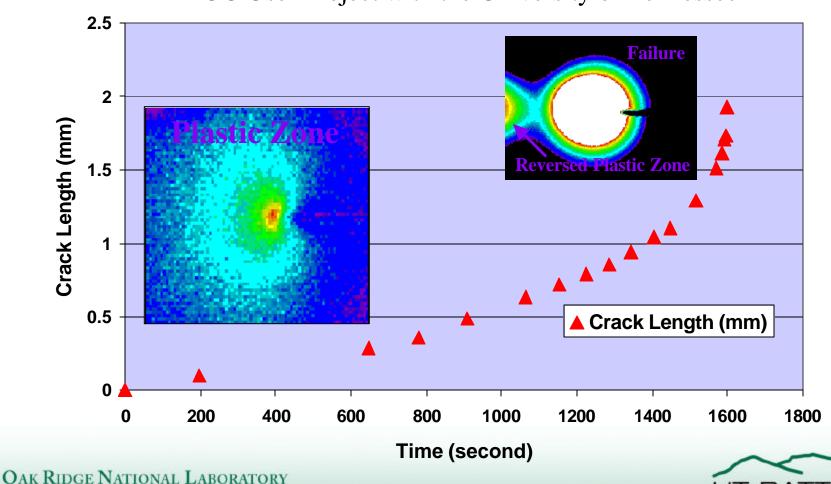
Ford engineer (left) and HTML scientist view TV monitor showing "hot spots" on spinning brake rotor under heavy braking

These thermoelastic instabilities had long been predicted but never before imaged directly



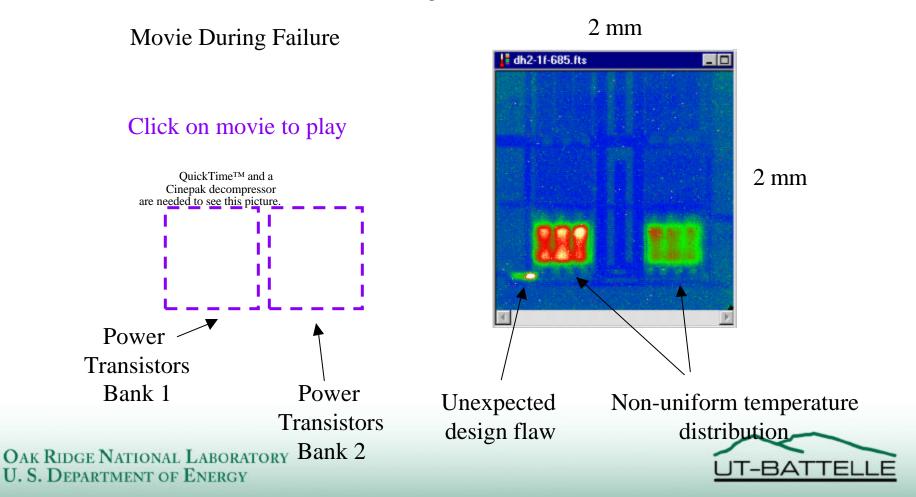
Application of IR Imaging to Monitor Superalloy Fatigue Crack Growth

TPUC User Project with the University of Tennessee



A Microscope Lens Allows the Study of Integrated Circuit Power Transistors During Operation and Failure

TPUC User Project with Motorola



Some FY 2001 Projects Have Been Especially Noteworthy: Diffraction

- Phase transitions in the NH₄NO₃-KNO₃ solid solution U. of Nevada, Reno and TRW, Inc.
- Structure of substituted hexagonal barium aluminum silicate by neutron diffraction Corning
- Negative thermal expansion materials Georgia Tech
- In-situ studies of Zr₂Fe hydrides U. of Nevada, Reno
- Nitridation of two-phase Cr-Pt alloys University of Tennessee
- Development of nanocrystalline ceramic particles and thin films ORNL-BES
- Thermal expansion anisotropy in ternary molybdenum silicide intermetallics
 ORNL-BES)



Philips Has Consigned an XRD System to DUC

- State-of-the-art machine, with elevated temperature capability
- Instrument worth >\$345,000
- Installed November 2000
- Residence time 12-18 months
- HTML investing in chiller, lab preparation, etc.

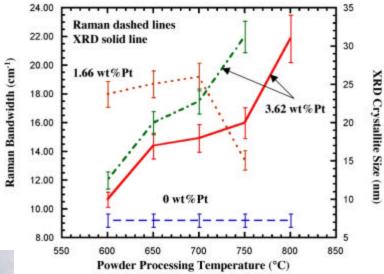


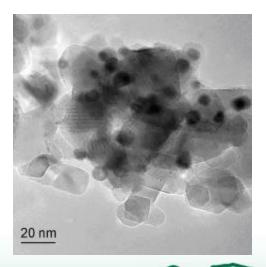


Cummins Characterized New Catalyst

Goal: To meet 2007 emission requirements
Catalytic activity decreases with surface area
P Platinum (Pt) particle size increases
X-ray diffraction, Raman & TEM
techniques track Pt size change
Collaboration: HTML/ORNL &
Cummins Engine









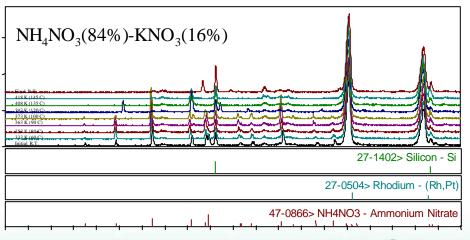
In Situ X-Ray Diffraction Helps Researchers Understand Automotive Components at Temperature

Ammonium nitrates are oxidizers in new generation automobile airbag propellant and need be phase stable between -50 °C to 150 °C



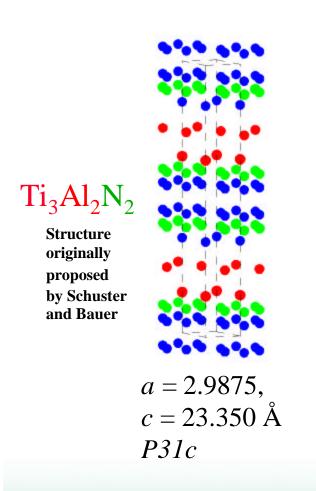
TRW Vehicle Safety Systems

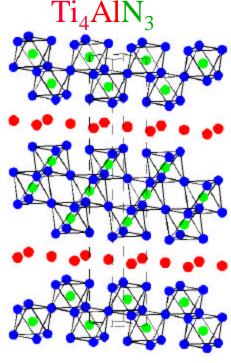


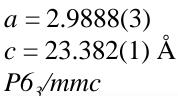


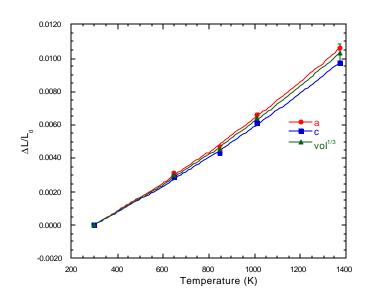


High Temperature Neutron Diffraction Resolved Correct Structure for Ti₄AlN₃





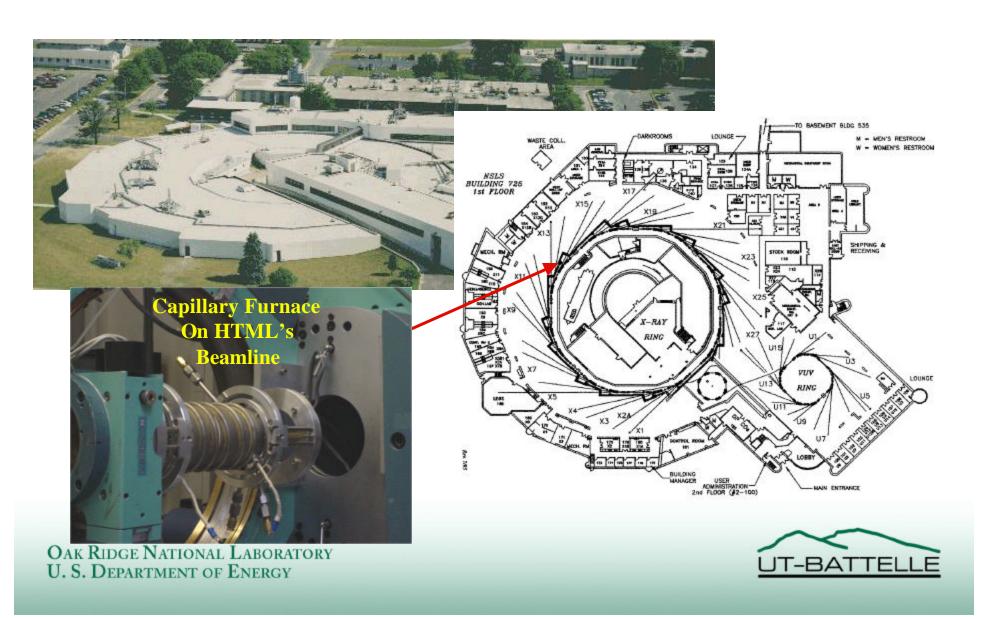




Michel Barsoum
Tamer El-Raghy
Dept. of Materials Engineering
Drexel University



HTML Has Taken Over Operation of the X14A Beamline at the NSLS



X14A: Proven Value to OTT-OHVT Customers

D 40:00+

	<u>Customer</u>	<u>Project</u>
•	Cummins Engine	Stresses in surface treated steels via high energy x-rays
•	Norton	Induced stress from innovative grinding wheels
•	Corning	Thin films for video display
•	Tycom	WC drill bits
•	Quantum	Magneto-resistive heads
•	GE/ATS	HT residual stress in TBCs
•	Rutgers Univ.	Electroactive ceramics
•	Univ. of Pitts.	Growth stresses in protective oxide coatings
•	Drexel Univ.	Ductile ceramics for HT applications
•	Univ. of Conn.	Phase ID and Residual Stress in TBC
•	S. Illinois Univ	Surface layers on brake pads after friction testing

>100 User days in FY99 and also in FY00

Cation ordering in magnetic nanoparticles



⅓ Georgia Tech

C. 1010 000 0 K

Some FY 2001 Projects Have Been Especially Noteworthy: Residual Stress

- Residual stress in directionally solidified eutectics (ORNL)
- Residual stress in aluminum engine blocks (Honda)
- Residual stress in laser-bonded coatings (UTSI)
- Friction stir welds in aluminum (USC)
- Completed large specimen x-ray stress-mapping facility (ORNL)



Residual Stresses Measured in Al Engine Blocks

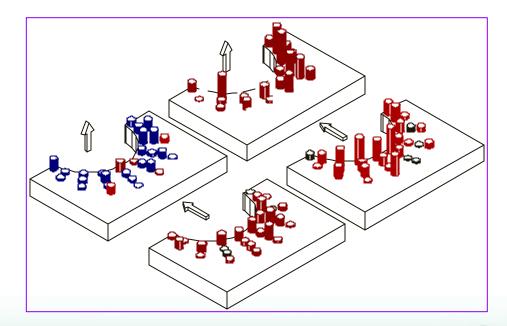


Machining releases constraints allowing pre-existing residual stresses to cause distortions

Requires additional heat treatments prior to machining Thus, a major production-volume limiting step!

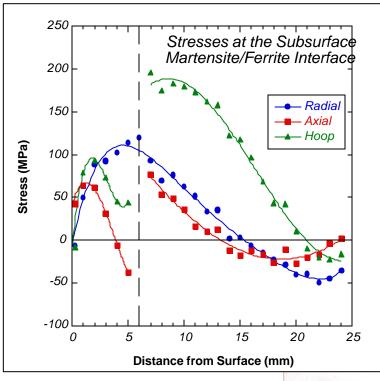
Collaboration amongst:

HTML – Ohio State University - Honda Engine (Marysville, OH) Residual stress: Neutron and x-ray diffraction techniques employed





Induction hardened steels - a cost saving process



- Induction hardened crankshafts
 - More reliable
 - Lower cost via energy savings
- Renewed interest in process
- Residual stress: Neutron and x-ray diffraction techniques used
- EERE State Partnership Program:
 - HTML@ ORNL
- Cummins Engine
- Indiana State Energy Office





Some FY 2001 Projects Have Been Especially Noteworthy: Machining/Tribology

- Wear of EDM Recast Layer (NCSU)
- Grinding wheel and coolant studies (Milacron)
- Development of standard testing procedure (ABC/Techsolve/Milacron)
- Tribology of advanced nickel based coating (US Chrome)
- NDE detection of grinding flaws (Cummins/INCO/Coorstek)



Low-Cost Manufacturing of Precision Diesel Engine Components





Objectives

- Cost-effective fabrication of precision diesel engine components
- Cost-effective, non-destructive methods for detecting and preventing machininginduced damage in engine components.

Benefits

 Improved engine durability, performance and fuel economy

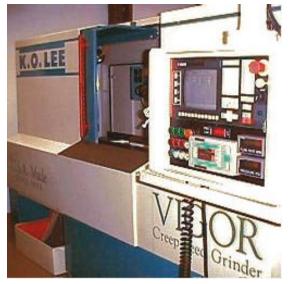
Recent Progress

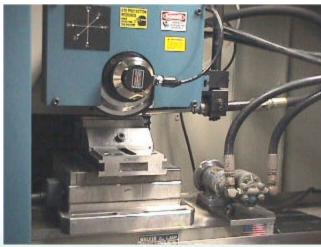
 Scanning Acoustic Microscope used to detect sub-surface cracks in ceramic components produced by overly aggressive grinding.





Superabrasive Grinding Wheel Performance Evaluation





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Objective

 Standardized methods for evaluating and comparing the performance of superabrasive grinding wheels

• Benefits

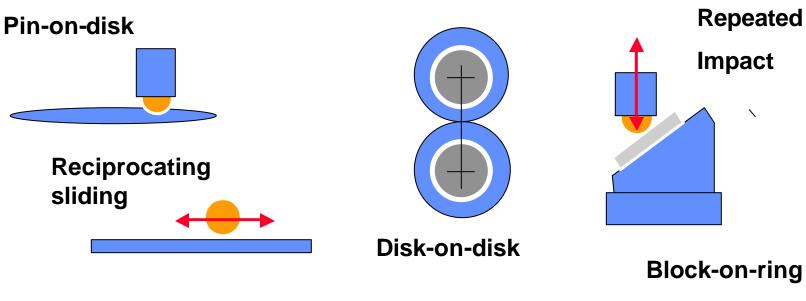
- Improved wheel performance
- Reduced production cost for ground engine components

Recent Participants at the HTML

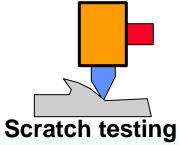
- American Boarts Crushing Company
- Saint Gobain Superabrasives
- Milacron Abrasive Products

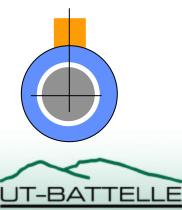


A Variety of Friction and Wear Testing Geometries is Available



- Room or high temperature
- Custom tests / simulations
- Lubricated or dry
- Controlled atmosphere





HTML User and Fellowship Programs Have Hosted Numerous Diesel Projects

- CATERPILLAR: User Projects
 - Characterization of VLS Silicon Nitride Fibrils
 - Residual Stress Determination of TTBC Systems
 - Effect of Interference Fit on Residual Stress of Zirconia/Gray Iron System
 - Residual Stress Measurement for Characterizing Material Response to Arc Welding

Fellowship Projects

- Jian Zhang: Characterization of Thin Film Coating
 Properties for Heavy Equipment Applications
- Cynthia Hsieh: Characterization of Submicron Particles for Developing Innovative Steels for Heavy Equipment Applications



HTML User and Fellowship Programs Have Hosted Numerous Diesel Projects

- DDC: User Projects
 - Identification of Typical Microstructures and Phases of Sintered Silicon Nitride Cam Roller Followers
 - Effects of Manufacturing and Service Parameters on Properties of a Heat Engine Component
 - Cost-Effective Ceramic Engine Components
 - SIALON Valves Investigation



HTML User and Fellowship Programs Have Hosted Numerous Diesel Projects

- **CUMMINS**: User Projects
 - Studies of Environmentally Induced Fracture of Diesel Engine Cylinder Head Cap Screws
 - Residual Stress Measurements in Thermal Barrier Coatings
 - Microstructural Characterization of Electrochemical Cells
 - Microstructural Characterization of Oxidation Catalysts
 - Characterization of Oil Balls and Their Influence on Premature Overlay Removal of Diesel Engine Bearings
- EATON:
 - Development of Techniques for the Analysis and Characterization of RBSN and SRBSN
- NORTON:
 - Mechanical Characterization and Analysis of Ceramic Valves for Diesel Engines

HTML User and Fellowship Programs Have Hosted Numerous Automotive Projects

- Ford Motor Company (Ford Research Lab):
 - Residual Stress Analyses on Al319 Thermally Sprayed Coatings
 - Effect of Thermal Cycling on the Thermal Conduction of HCC-MMC's (High Ceramic Content Metal Matrix Composites)
 - Influence of Brake Rotor Design and Heat treatment of residual Stress of Grey Cast Iron Rotors
 - High Resolution Microscopic Study of Copper-MFI Catalysts
- General Motors (North American Operations):
 - TEM Investigation of Precipitation in Metal Matrix Composites
- Delphi
 - -Thermal Properties of Magnaquench



HTML User and Fellowship Programs Have Hosted Numerous Automotive Projects

- Catalysts (Partial Listing):
 - CUMMINS- Microstructural Characterization of Oxidation Catalysts ENGLEHARD- Thermal Cycling Behavior of Pd-PdO on Alumina FORD- High Resolution Microscopic Study of Copper-MFI Catalysts W.R. GRACE- Characterization of Deactivation Mechanisms in a Volatile Organic Carbon Catalyst System
 - UNITED EMISSION CATALYSTS- Optimization of the Activity of Manganese-Based Oxidative Catalysts
 - **UN. DELAWARE- HRTEM of Mo-Promoted Rh on Gamma Alumina**
 - UN. DELAWARE- HRTEM Study of Microstructure Development in Polyfurfural Alcohol Derived Carbogenic Molecular Sieves
 - UN. KENTUCKY- Crystal Structure Identification of Pt-Re-Al2O3
 Catalysts Using HTXRD
 - **UN. KENTUCKY- Crystal Phases in Pt-Sn Catalysts**
 - **UN. NEW MEXICO- Electron Holography of Catalytic Materials**



The HTML:

It's where you go to get it done!

